# 1966-1971 Rail Union - ON & QC

1966-01Jan5	Toronto letter enclosing flyer for distributions across Canada	
1966-11Nov13a	Letter copy to Pat M. (Montreal): report of OFL convention	
1966-11Nov13b	p.2: We pulled together a left militant caucus and slate	
1966-11Nov13c	p.3: Support firming up for NDP, CP caucus inoperative	
1966-12Dec19	Letter to Pat (& John D.) Montreal re union fraction meeting	
1966-12Dec99	Flyer "For a strong, democratic fighting union;" slate program	
1967-01Jan00	Flyer (edit RD) ''leadership & convention'' against strike role	
1967-01Jan2a	Letter to John (S., Toronto): Situation in Montreal Local 334	
1967-01Jan2b	p.2: Local politics and affiliation to NDP-Quebec	
1967-01Jan7	letter from Toronto offering distribution of Committee leaflets	
1967-01Jan11	Letter to Toronto re local leader contacts' lack of militancy	
1967-01Jan13-1a	Letter to Toronto militant re "Vote NO!" campaign-Montreal	
1967-01Jan13-1b	"Votons Non! À l'accord traître" (Comité d'action)	
1967-01Jan13-1c	"Vote NO on sell-out settlement!" Cttee for Militant Action	
1967-01Jan99a	"Combattons contre l'arbitrage obligatoiredu travail forcé"	
1967-01Jan99b	Fight compulsory arbitration the slave labor settlement	
1967-06Jun12a	Letter from Toronto: sample resolutions for fall convention	
1967-06Jun12b	Resolutions to CBRT National Convention on Vietnam, etc.	
1967-11Nov16a	Letter Resolution for 30-hour work week, adopted by TDLC	
1967-11Nov16b	Flyer: "Stop the Lay-offs!" "30 for 40"	
1967-11Nov16c	"Résolution pour une semaine de travail de 30 heures"	
1967-11Nov16d	"NON aux congés forcées des cheminots," "30 pour 40"	
1967-12Dec11	Toronto resolution to NDP to call for Weston to open its books	
1968-05May00a	(undated) Resolution to NDP Convention outlawing injunctions	
1968-05May00b	Resolution to NDP for withdrawal of US troops from Vietnam	
1969-04Apr14	Letter seeking advice on local delegate program	
1970-11nov17a	(Undated) Resolutions for CBRT convention for a labor party	
1970-11nov17b	Votons Darling comme Prés. Comité d'éducation politique	
1970-11nov17c	Que le Compagnie accepte une nouvelle convention collective!	
1970-11nov17d	Déclaration du confrère Darling sur des deux "listes"	
1970-11nov17e	Programme Pour Président – Program for Chairman PE Cttee.	
1971-04avr8a	Bulletin: Nous demandons une assemblée spéciale	
1971-04avr8b	Pétition: Pour discuter et voter le nouveau contrat	
1971-04avr8c	List of supporters in Local 334	
1971-04avr8d	Ce dimanche: Assemblée régulière du Local 334 aura lieu	
1971-04avr8e	(Que) le nouveau contrat (soit) rejeté, pour une journée d'étude	
1971-04avr8f	"Ce qu'on a demandé, et Ce qu'on nous propose" (salaires)	
1971-04avr8g	(suite) Vacances (3 semaines)Lignes de piquets, bilinguisme	
1971-04avr8h	Paie actuellePaie demandéAccord temporaire	

Jan 5 1966 700 Ontario St Apt 809 Toronto Ont.

wear Comrades:

Under separate cover you will be recieving a bundle of the enclosed leaflet.

We suffest you to the following:

- I) In a dition to distributing it where you can make sure it gets to the radio and TV stations and Canadian Press. If major portions of the nesw media, papers etc.including Canadian press get this at major points across the country it may get reported. This would help to create an impression of movement on the railways and could influence the vote on the settlement etc.
- 2) If possible denations should be solicited from workers "to cover the costs of this and future publications" We were quite successful at this during the strike itself getting denations of 25 and 50 cents. Send the denation along with the name and address of the dener to the CMA address.
- 3) If you need more leaflets let us know. We have the stencil and can asily run more off here.
- 4) Let us know where you distributed them and your impressions on the effects.
- 5) It's important to send us names of worekrs who are serious about establishing a brand communication between militants, as soon as you get them.

Fraternally,

Connolly

CC Ottawa M.ntreal E2-conton Vancouver.

Nov.13 1966 700 Ontario St Apt 809 Toronto Ont.

Pet nutelel

Dear Comrades:

I am writing to let you know that correspondance concerning our trade union ork will be improved in the comming period. This doesn't mean of course that you are going to hear about every detail. However we will try to keep in touch on the larger events. Comrade D is now the trade union convenor of the Toronto Branch. I will be keeping up a good deal of the correspondance. We will send you also leaflets which we are using in our situations.

I want to give you a short overall report of the OFL convention held Nov.7-9. In some ways this was an important convention for us and despite the fact that we had only two comrades at the convention our impact was densiderable.

We went to convention (myself and a comrade form the postal workers) with two things in mind. I) to raise the militant demands on the question of injunctions and compulsory arbitration and to a slightly lesser extent the conumer protest. 2) to continue and extent the process and perspective begun at the ONDP convention by pulling together militants for work on the floor and the presentation of an opposition slate for the top OFL posts. We felt this would be the only way to demonstrate our view of the tasks before union socialists and militants and begin the work of pulling to gether and developing an alternate leadership.

If you have followed the reports in the Globe and Mail you will max know in general what took place. On the injunction issue the OFL leadership totally exposed their uselessness. The original resolution said nothing and the finally adopted resolution said about as much. In combination with the nine CP delegates only three of which were vocal the militant wing of the convention - about 250 out of Iooo - succeeded in refering the resolution back with instructions to include the idea of a camplagn of definace of injunctions. The returned resolution was only changed in the fact that it said the executive was prepared to to call an emergency convention in an injunction crisis.

These debates ocurred on the Monday and for all intents and purposes the convention ended with this issue dealt with. However, the issue which we forced into the open - the method of class struggle picket line action VS a reformist appeal to the bosses coutry remained somehwhat of a theme in some of the other debates.

The postal workers raised their strike effectively. All ther speeches projected definace of the government in opposition to bill C-I7O. The adoption of a resolution against bill C-I7O then effectively parced the OFL behing the projected militancy of the postal workers.

Compulsory arbitration was raised in the dying hours of the convention. We had hoped to make an issue of the Lewis-OSler statements. However, at this point we could do know/more than make the record on this although the Toronto press picked this up.

For the Lewis Osler Compulsory arbitration formula see Hansard of Oct 27 page 9189.

There were no resolutions on Vietnam. Archer took this off the convention floor by referring to it in his opening speech before the convention.

The labor base of the NDP was strenghtend by this convention. Tere were barners proclaiming things like "support you labour party". This was the dominent theme of the convention expressed along reformist lines with (more explicitly than I have ever heard) the concept of independent political action counterposed to militant class struggle action throughout the convention.

On the programmatic level them the OFL stood still and in the context of the intensifying class strugtle retreated despite the militant speeches of David kneek Archer.

When we got know there we proceeded to round up the CP delegates and others since they were not organized. We had a couple of meetings with them where we pressed to runks a slate including opposition to bothe Archer and Hamilton for the two top posts. They didn't want to go along with this and failed to show up for the next meeting. So we went shead with some of the other militants around us. They the CP delegates were under the illusion that they could come close to if not actually elect one of their own for secretary treasuers. S they proceded to launch an attack against douglas Hamilton the sec-treas. They did thid by attacking a proposition to raise Hamiltons pay while supporting with lavish praise a resloution to reaise Archers pay a couple of thousand dollars. Their opportunism was embarrasing not only because of the unprincipled approach but because of the obvious puniness of the effort.

As a result of this we were not able to pull tegether a large slate and publicize it. We decided to run instead comrade M against Archer and myslef for one of the vice -presidents. CP' White was running against known Hamitlon. Despite the fact that comrade M was not allowed to give an election speech, had not had a chance to speak before and was unknown and minexx didn't have the facilities to run a legilet he pulled IIo anti-Archer votes - about 15%. Two CPers and myself ran against the executive slate for vice presidents. We all got about 30% of the vote myself getting 230. Jack white running against Hamilton got about 207 votes a out 150 less than he got last year.

The upshot of all this is that I think we effectively broke the ice on the business of building an opposition against the top labor fakers. The issue was clear and the anti-Archer vote which included another hundred abstentions expressed this. Many militants came to us after the sessions to congratulate us on our efforts - to our clear cut opposition to the leadership and their policies. We remet many of the unionists we met at the October ONDP convention and made contact with many others such as the leadership of the opposition of the steel workers in the hamilton stelco plant. The Vanguard was distributed and picked up by a number of these people. The Tribune was not distributed. We had some rather inspiring and serious discussions about building seriously for the next convention

In general I think we were able to demonstrate to the best militants. there with their approval the task ahead - as well as those who happen to read the press reports. We will be able to start to athodically see some of the best elements in the comming period.

You get the distinct feeling that there is a certain process taking place in the NDP-PAC-OFL milien which we can begin to crystalize with some success. In any case the GFL co nvention certainly helped this along.

Down this way the CP elements seem to be headless and mindless. Aided by a few drinks to soothe their feelings over their electoral losses they confessed they came to the convention without discussions, direction or consultation with anyone. They came as individuals and only succeded in getting together as a reaction against our efforts.

The latest issue of the Tribune which reports on the convention is also interesting - in line with the mankx recent Soviet attack on us in the latest world-outlook. Rae Murphy who was there attacks us as Kamakasie piolets adult who join hands with the right by calling for impractical meaningless general strikes. In pint of fact only one Trotsyists spoke on injunctions at the convention, me, and I didn't mentioned anything about a general strike and argued with xxx some UAW CP types the night before aginst raising the idea of general strike. We wanted to talk concretely about a strategy of defiance effected by a committee constructed at the convention. So Rae Murphy is once again writing fiction or he things all those at the convention about 4, who raised the general strike are Tootskyists

Comradely,

Pet - This wat to be read to the Brank.

These letter Should be

considered unformation notes for yourself and interested

J Connolly.

Co pier to otterne Vaveouer Educator

John D

Dec I9 1966
I Cumberland
Toronto Ont.

wear Pat

At a recent trade union fraction meeting inner there was a full discussion on the railway situation. The general evaluation was that in the next period we would ave to try to make some solid connections with militants across the country. Muring the strike no group of militants was able to project itslef as a co-ordinating or or anizing force. At the same time militants throughout the country were activiated in their own isolated areas. With the continuing rise in the cost of living the railway layoffs and the prospect of a meagre 24% over three years conditions are probably good for some motion in the next period or at least the crystalizing of some sort of working connections between militants in the key areas.

We will have to initiate this and since we have a number of people in the railways in Toronto and Vancouver as well as co tacts picked up in the strike in Intreal and administration it is practical for us to begin this work know.

If you remember, during the strike, faced with the disintegration of any possibility of moving through legitimate channels we put out les lets in the Toronto area under the name of Committe for militant action. The idea as to follow through after the strike to at empt to build this consisted ithe a cross union militant caucus. This we have not yet done and to some extent have mixman missed the opportunity.

however, what we intend to do know is revitable this committee in propaganda and leaflet form by putting out less lets in comjunction with major events on the richays. We want to circulate these leaflets in the Toronto area and to contacts in other parts of the country. The leaflets would carry a peption on the event ( such as the proposed settlement ) and possibly bits of news of interest to militants. I, embronic form then these leaflets would serve as an organ of communication between militants on the salways. Hopefully we would get a response in the form of makes example that a correspondence and news etc. It certainly is worth trying and we think there are possibilities that it could take root and begin to bring together some of the railway militants.

We ill send a batch of these leaflets to you as well as the contacts we have. Comrades on the railways can circulate them themselves or confacts if we have them.

This seems the only practical way at the present time to break out of the isolation of our can local situations. hile their may be some motion at some of the railway union conventions comming up there will probably not be significant changes which could open up the situation through more normal and legitimate channels. Firect contact with the rank and file militants is what is needed now.

We will get the first leaflet off this week on the propsed settlement. We haven't had a discussion on this but I think it is clear that we will have to o ose it and make some counter propositions in the context of the task of building a new leadership. Let us know what you think of the first one and your prospects for circulating it.

J. Connolly.

# for A Strong, Democratic, HOTHERS AND SISTERS: Fighting, Union

The amashing of our strike shows we need a new leadership. Our union can't fight for us unless we clean house. We can start NOW, in our Lodge 2302 by electing to the executive these brothers on the following program.

### CUR PROGRAM

- I) UNION DEMOCRACY The membership must run the union. In the strike the membership should have voted. A democratic union has annual elections well advertised meetings a local executive and a top leadership which knows and carries out the wishes of the membership.
- 2) A STRONG UNION Union members who know where they stand export be pushed around by the company. We need a readable copy of the contract for every member regular monthly newspaper and a union hall.
- 3) A FIGHTIME UNION The contract must be enforced. For years the company has gotten away with murder. This has to stop, No more unsafe trucks gar age fumes pension scandals seniority violations delays in pay unfair discipline etc. If the company won't give us better conditions or obey the contract it will be forced to. If this takes militant action we won't hesitate and turn chicken. Our rights must be protected.

The following brothers running for the executive pledge themselves to this program. Vote for them and vote for a strong, democratic, fighting union. Fill out your ballot with their names and mail it to P.Merry, 483 Kingswood Rd., Toronto, Ontaria.

Fer: Vice \_\_\_\_ LAWRENCE BRISTOL , warehouseman, Teronto Depot, afternpon, ege 27, 4 years with CPX.

Recording — JOHN STEELE, driver, Leaside, days, age 27, 3 years with

CPX, lodge delegate to the Toronto and District

Labor Council and Ontarie Federation of Labor

Convention.

Financial — LARRY McCABE, warehouseman, Toronto depot, afternoon, age 50, 15 years with CPX.

Protective -- RCN TRAIL , driver, Toronto depot, days , age 24, 3 years Chagrman with CPX, member of protective committee.

Chairman of - JACK MCRRISON, foreman, Toronto depot, afternoon, age 34,

Beard of Trustees 12 years with CPX, attended Canadian Mober

Congress summer school in union administration.

Members of — VIC DOWNEY, warehouseman, Leaside depot, afternoon, age Board of Trustees 31, 4 years with CPX.

JOHN BURKE, waybill clerk, Toronto depot, afternoon; lage 34, 2 ½ years with CPX.

OLLY THORNBURY, warehouseman, Toronto depot, afternoon, age 34, 3 years with CPX.

(Fred Callaghan archives) Found in 1967 (RO Notes)

Whereas it is clear that our national leadership headed by brother

multh by its abject capitulation to the dictatorial demands of the government

and the railways has failed to represent the desires of the membership

of the CBRT as reflected in the 95% vote to struggle for our demands

Whereas in the cowerdly act our leadership flagrantly and disgracefully flouted the democratic procedure which calls for membership ratification of settlement proposals

Therefore be it resolved that:

- I) Loci 89 CBRT go on record as condemming the policy and actions of brother Smith and the national leadership
- 2) Local \$9 CBRT calls for the convening of an emergency convention of our union in order to repudiate the leaderhip policy with the election of a leadership which reflects the will of the members.

### Unification

Whereas the strike proved that our union is gravely weakend by the many devisions of the membership into small unnecessary ineffective locals. Whereas these devisions give the bosses the advantage since they tend to pit brother against brother and local aganst local

Therfore be it resolved that local 89 CERT;

- I) Stand for the principlex im ediate annulgamation of CBRT locals in this area in order to build our unity and strenght to act as one
- 2) Express its willingness to come together with any local who feels it practical and necessary

66 rue Cuilbault west, Montreal 18, Québec. January 2, 1967

E (Steele, Toronto) (Conolly)

Sorry for the late reply to your letter circular of Dec. 19. I was struck off by the branch to brief you on the situation in the rail local I am in, and the possibility of working along the lines you have suggested.

I see by re-reading your letter that you have probably by now a leaflet on the proposed settlement and Smith's readiness to go to wrkkxxxxcompulsory arbitration. Then there is talk of a vote in some craft rail locals. Perhaps one feature of our demands should be that the final decision on the settlement should be settled by a vote of the rail workers involved. Am looking forward to seeing the leaflet, which could be distributed at a local 334 monthly general meeting (3rd Sunday of each month). The prospect of getting rebel

types to assist is probably good. The Montreal area locals of course played a major role in the last strike despite the abstention of the leadership of the locals involved. It was local 334 (1,500-member local of drivers, warehousemen and express office staff) that wildcatted, leading the strike off, but which did not stay out after the parliamentary order to return. Dissatisfaction with the local leadership was profound, and at an annual meeting to elect officers held in November. attended by about 400 members, the incumbent state of 5 was swept out of office and a protest state elected by a vote that ran from 66% upward. The state's slowan was "Don't Get Beat, Vote for Pete" (Pete being candidate for local chairman, alon- with others for Recording secretary, Education Chairman, Political Committee chairman and Treasurer). In retrospect, they seemed to be well organized, with buttons, sions everywhere, but no leaflets or any program other than bettor administration and as the slowen implies, not to set "best" with Pete presumably in future strike action. I say "retrospect" because they may just have had some outside support (like CNTU) because at their first meneral meeting Dec. 22 they were forced by the old beaten local chairman to come out with a resolution that they were trying to hide until next month which was that the local should disaffiliate with the CLC and the Montreal Labor Council. They seemed to be caught off balance in defending this rather sweeping move, of fering only pidding financial motives (in dues saved) and lost the motion. I spoke areainst the motion saying it would only isolate the local and possibly weaken it badly (sic) and remove any influence we could have over the admittedly totally inadequate national and regional leadership of the CBRT. One left Liberal contact Montpetit spoke arainst it too as well as the old leadership. If the idea was to open the way for intervention by possibly the CNTU it wasn't stated, (In the period after the strike there was a lot of talk around the shed about the superior qualities of various other unions, the CNTU, Teamsters, etc. )

However, at this same meeting the local up and decided to affiliate formally with the N.D.P. This question had come up before but this time apparently was the first time it had support of the executive. Atmessmentation It is of course an excellent move and is further concrete evidence that the NDP is seen as a distinctly labour party despite the retarded character of its development here in quebec. The xinex Political Committee chairman is thinking of brinking in an NDP speaker for a meeting some time this year.

The local has had a newspaper, The Omega, for which they are at present seeking an editor. I offered to help on it but I haven't made any moves.

In general the conduct of meetings is very democratic and discussion is as free as required, while the conduct of the chairman is somewhat better than at some of our own meetings, (in keeping order, etc.) I was very impressed with the hi quality of the meeting, although of course the bulk it is confined to ordinarly TU details, and the new executive is not a verexperienced bureaucracy, (their bureaucratic manoeuvers are pathetic.)

larry W. from Toronto is also in one of the rail locals. He was just laid off as a dock workers but has oot another job as car checker. There are one or two obvious radical types around who we might be able to work with. Language problem is not as great as you might think as the meeting is carried very largely in English. Both French and English workers are generally bilingual and there is absolutely no hostility to use of English generally although more radical French workers prefer French and during periods of general mobilization (such as strike HQ during the last strike) French predominated. We can provide French translations of any leaflets the caucus has.

Some advice has to how these leaflets can be circulated and experiences in

Toronto in this remard.

Well our electric typewriter has broken down and there is a linup of 3 waiting for this one, so I'd better get off the wire.

Recards.

Jan 7,1967 628 Church St Toronto Ontario

Dear Brother:

Perhaps you remeber me from the strike. I am in the CBRT here in Toronto and came down to Montreal at the time of the last big meeting during the strike. I have just read the newspaper here, and I am glad to see that you have turned down the so called settlement. The shopprafts here have also shown that they have not given up. They voted no to the settlement last week.

Euring the strike, myself and brothers from a number of railway unions in the Toronto area printed and distributed four leaflets. (You may still have a few copies). We called oursleves the COMMITTEE FOR MILITANT ACTION.

We did not expect to continue issuing leaflets after the strike. But when we heard the autrageous terms in the proposed settlement last month we once again got together and printed a leaflet. We think now that some sort of bulletin is needed to represent the views of militant RR workers across Canada. So we called this bulletin No.5. We have mailed bundles to Jancouver, Tinnipeg, Elmonton, Hamilton, Ottawa, Montreal and NFLD.

We hope these bulletins will be widely distributed. We hope also that RR workers will contribute articles, news etc. to future issues. I am writing this letter to ask for such contributions and to find out what you think of the whole idea. Would the bulletin be nore useful in French and of so could translate and reportuce it? How many leaflets would you need?

Perhaps you would be iterested in getting together with the people we have sent copies to in your area. (see enclosed list) This would hepp you to co-ordinate the distributions. John Parling in the CBRT has IOOO leaflets.

Please write to me soon and give me your opinions. I think we must all work now to buil stronger, more enocratic unions with a militant leadership.

Fraternally,

Don wickson

VBill Black, 347 Fairfield Ave., Greenfield Pk Quebec

\*Larry Walker, 236 Laurier U Montreal

\*Andre Toramageau, 6029 Quest Notre Tame Montreal

/Andre Fyfe, 2302 Chateau Gai, Montreal

/James Paten, I63 Tieppe Ave., Pointe Claire Quebec 495-5021

/Lert Mc-owel, I060 Allard Tr, Verrun Quebec 748-70€5

/John Oconner, 372, 7th Ave. Wille LaSalle Quebec 345-37% 6

66 rue Cuilbault

Jear John (5., Tomato)

Janualy 11, 1967

Re the Bulletin #5 and our discussions with artiduring his visit to Montreal, we agreed that I would send you a note by today regarding whatever progress we could make ith the leaflet.

We thought that it would be a good idea to get in touch with the militants that Don had met during the page 166 strike of rail trades, and also to approach the leadership of my locak, CBRT&GW #334, wheich had elected a new executive partly on a basis of criticism of the old leadership of the local wich resigned during the Aug. strike.

The reaction has been renerally one of interest but also wait-and-see sincer most of Don't contacts are in the local level leadership or higher and don't want to stick their necks out. The, Burt Lac-onnell who was on the strike committee, anted to see a copy. I not a number of other names and have not contacted them all. In my local, chairman Pete ("Don't net beet, vote for Pete") Languay's reaction was that it couldn't be taken seriously because it wasn't signed personnally (didn't have a name --altho! Thave been using Don't name rather freely) and he taken out to support Smith at present.

That is the general? Concensus -- that you can't do anything by traccept compulsory arbitration now. Lo oal 334 put out a leaflet in an extra to Montreal Star editorials attacking the rail unions and a GN managemen blurb which also gently scolded the unions which carried this line -- that we don't like the proposed settlement or compulsory arbitration but since the former was lousy we've got no choice but to try the second.

There is a bright spot on ical 334 and that is a radical contact. who says we need a general strike to protest compulsory arbitration. He is a rather isolated vocal left rebeat pe but he has been at it for some time and seems to be very receptive to cooperation but I can't get to see him until just before next Junday's gen. Aftg. he and maybe left Liberal Montpetit are the start of of a defacto if nothing elsegroup.

Fat h... stomach flu and I haven t had a chance to discuss much about furter action and maybe you can fill us in on action in Toronto.

One idea was the probbility of a motion along the lines of the leaflet to be presented in loca. 334 --it would have a chance of passing. Will discuss with radical friend Larouche.

Remards.

Morean . (John D.)

825 E. Sherbrooke
Apt 22
Montréal 132, qué.
527-4840

Don Ryan, 1 Cumberland Tor. 5

Dear Comrade

Inclosed are cories of the Vote NO: leaflet as we put it out in Montreal. It deserves a Pulitzer prize for aritational literature. We not it out the morning after the ballets had arrived, i.e., after some of the muys had already voted NO:, but it was just in time and the reaction was very favorable.

There was not much danger in using my name so we did.

I left about 150 copies in various lunch rooms at Bonaventure and the next morning we distributed about 750 copies at the Point St-Charles yard. One militant phoned up for extra copies.

It appears that the vote here will be against ratific tion. Even senior look workers are mad that the sick-leave day per north that the office employees enjoy was not won -- seems to be the main issue, which might indicate that the shorter work week depend is important -- say a 4-day, 32 hour week.

Looking forward to be ring news of Toronto and any other points, which is should do if proposition is rejected.

## IA PROPOSITION EST UNE INSULTE

Il ne manquait plus que ça! Nos dirigea nts "vendus" veulent que nous acceptions un pouilleux 6-1/2% --- même moins que le gouvernement libéral nous a forcé d'accepter la dernière fois! C'est une blague, confrères! Les taxes, les loyers et les prix continue de subir une hausse vertigineuse. Si nous acceptions ce 6-1/2% nous allans même perdre du terrain.

### ON NE VEUT PAS MOINS QUE NOS REVENDICATIONS

Nous demandions une hausse de 32 %. 13%, ou 18%, ou même 25% -- ce n'est pas assez. Les cheminots ne se nourissent pas d'air. Nous exigeons un niveau de vie convenable pour nous-mêmes et nos familles! \$7,000 par an n'est pas trop!

### C'EST UN ACCORD DE TRAHISON

ure fois encore les dirigeants des syndicats des chemins de fer ont montré leur lâcheté. Même avant que l'ancien accord soit échu, ils ont croulé. C'est pour 6% -- et ils nous disent que c'est un bon contrat. Ils pensent qu'il est tellement bon que seulement le leadership de la Fraternité des Cheminots ose tenir un vote d'acceptation!

## REJETONS LE CONTRAT! EXIGEONS LE SCRUTIN!

Il faut qu'on rejet le contrat! Il faut qu'on demontre au gouvernement, aux chemins de fer et aux "gros légumes" de notre syndicat que nous nous battrons! Il faut exiger un scrutin de ratification pour tous les syndicats, par tous les travailleurs des chemins de fer.

# IL FAUT QUE LES RANGS SOJENT ENTENDUS!

Nous avons été vendus il y a 3 ans, nous en avons souffert depuis ce temps. Mais on a appris quelquechose! Avec notre force unie nous pouvons gagner nos revendications, en dépit d'un leadership faible.

Faites circuler ce tract!

Exigez le scrutin dans votre local!

Votez NON: à la pauvreté!

(Distribué à travers le Canada par le COMITE D'ACTION MILITANTE.) A Montréal, téléphonez 527-4840. J. Darling, 825 rue Sherbrooke est, app.22).

# VOTE ON SELL-OUT SETTLEMENT!

## THE PROPOSAL IS AN INSULT

This is the last straw, brothers! Our sellout-artist "leaders" want us to accept a lousy 6-1/2% -- even less than the Liberal Government forced down our throats last time! 13% over 2 years with some very minor fringe benefits to sweeten it up. It's a joke, brothers! Taxes, rents and prices continue to soar. If we accept 6-1/2% we won't even break even.

### FOR OUR FULL DEMANDS

We were asking for 32%. 13% or 18% or even 25% is not enough. Railway workers don't live on air. We demand a decent living for ourselves and our families: \$7,000 a year is not too much:

# IT'S A SELLOUT

Once again the rail union leaders have shown their cowardice. Before the old contract expired they crumbled. 6-1/2% and they tell us it's a good contract! They think it's so good that only the CERT leadership dares to hold a ratification vote!

# REJECT THE CONTRACT. DEMAND THE VOTE: : SUCTO

We must reject the contract clet's show the government, the railways and the union brass that we will fight; we must demand ratification votes in all unions, by all railway workers.

# THE RANKS MUST BE HEARD!

We were sold out three years ago and have been paying ever since. We've learned out lesson! With our united strength we can win our just demands, despite a weak leadership.

# Circulate this leaflet!

Demand the vote in your local!

# Vote NO! to poverty!

(Distributed across Canada by the COMMITTEE FOR MILITANT ACTION.) In Montréal, phone 527-4840, J. Darling, 825 Sherbrooke East, Apt. 22.)

# COMBATTONS CONTRE L'ARBITRAGE OBLIGATOIRE

# REJETTONS L'ENTENTE DU TRAVAIL FORCE

Nous, les ouvriers du rail de ce pays, sentons maintenant les effets de la législation de retour au travail utilisée contre nous en août dernier. Certains d'entre nous sont sur le point de voter une entente tandis que d'autres dans le CBRT ont été mis à la mèrci du conseil d'arbitrage du gouvernement.

Nos dirigeants qui ont accepté l'entente de Goldenberg proclament que c'est bien et que c'est une victoire contre l'arbitrage obligatoire. Le leadership du CBRT sous Smith proclame que son rejet est la façon militante de rencontrer la situation.

Les deux positions conduisent à une impasse. Tout d'abord, les clauses de Joldenberg sont minables. Au moins 30% sur une période de deux ans était notre demande initiale. Il serait insensé d'accepter moins, sur une période de trois ans. Pour couronner : le tout, nous n'obtenons aucune protection contre l programme d'élimination d'emploi é écuté par les chemins de fer. Le rejet de cette offre aurait du être automatique.

Le leadership du CLRT avec Smith à la tête l'a rejettée. C'est bien. C'est le acins qu'un leadership pouvait faire. È mere temps le leadership du CBRT ne soulève racune opposition au conseil d'arbitrage d' travail forcé de Pearson. Peut-être Smith rroit-il pouvoir amener le conseil d'arbitrage à donner quelques miettes de plus. Belle affaire! On ne vit pas d'espoirs.

Le temps de parter font était en deut dernier, alors que soutenu par la majorité des membres, les dirigeants de tous les syndients du rail auraient du defendre notre droit de greve en refusant de requier face a la législation du travill forcé.

Si nos leaders étaient sérieux meintenant, ils rejetteraient à la fois et ientente et l'arbitrage obligatoire. Ils d'clareraient qu'ils sont prêts à récuvrir la lutte et revenliquer à nouveau: LA PIEINE TAMENTATION DE SALAIRE -- UNE CLAUSE D'ECHELLE MOBILE DE SALAIRES CORRESPONDANT & LA HAUSSE DU COUT DE LA VIE -- SECURITE D'EMPLOI -- UN VITRAT DE DEUX ANS. Ils áppuieraient cela en disant qu'ils iont prêts à recommender la greve. Nos dirigeants devraient même être ais au défi de faire cela.

En 1950 nous avons gagné la sendine de 40 heures. Nos forces unies en dépit d'un faible leadership amenerent cela. Aujor d'hui, nous sommes dans une impasse parce que le leadership, quoique parlint fort quelque fois, ne va jamati assez loin. Il refuse de faire confiance à la force de ses rembres et plient devant les pressions des journaux, du gouvernement et des chemins de for. Il faut des syndicats du vail forts et unis qui pour-ruient faire face aux compagnies et à leurs complices libéraux et conservateurs. Pour cela, il fait qu'on renforce nos syndicats par un nouveau leadership:

Nous pouvons compenser les a en démendant de l'action contre l'arbitrage obligatoire et en rejetant à l'urar mité h'entente du travail forcé.

Bulletin #5, janvier 1967, publie par le COMMIE D'ACTIN MILITANTE dans le intérêt de construire un syndicalisme lu rail puissant, d'mocratique et ini. Eculema 825 rus Sherbrooke est, App. 22, Montréal 26 ou to épà. 67 à 1866

# FIGHT COMPULSORY ARBITRATION REJECT THE SLAVE LABOUR SETTLEMENT

We, the railway workers of this country, are now feeling the effects of the back-to-work legislation used against us last August. Some of us are about to vote on a settlement, while others in the CBRT have been placed at the mercy of the government arbitration board.

Our leaders who accepted the Goldenh rg settlement claim it is good and a victory against compulsory arbitration. The CERT leadership under Smith claims its rejection is the militant way to meet the situation.

Both positions lead up blind alleys. In the first place, the Goldenberg terms are lousy. At least 30% over two years was our original demand. It wouldn't make sense to accept less spread over three. To top it off, we don't get any protection from the job elimination program being carried out by the railways. Rejection of this offer should have been automatic.

The CERT leadership headed by Smith has rejected it. This is good. It is the minimum a leadership could do. At the same time the CERT leadership raises no serious opposition to Pearson's slave labor arbitration board. Maybe Smith thinks he can sweet talk the board into coughing up a few more crumbs. Big deal. It's hard enough to live on what we get now without trying to live on somebody's high hops.

The time to talk tough was last August, when backed by the overwhelming support of the membership, the leaders of AII the railway unions should have defended our right to strike by refusing to back down in the face of the government-railway slave labor legislation.

-AND compulsory arbitration. They would declare they are ready to reopen the fight and demand: THE FULL WAGE INCREASE - A COST OF LIVING ESCALATOR CLAUSE - JOB PROTECTION - A TWO YEAR CONTRACT. They would back this by saying they are prepared to recommend strike action. Our leaders should be challenged to

In 1950 we wen the 40 hour week. Our united strength despite a weak hadership brought this about. Today we are at an impasse because of a leader-ship which although senetimes talks tough, never goes for enough. It refuses to the newspapers, the government and collapses before the pressures of united railway unions with the power to deal effectively with the railways and their Liberal and Conservative stooges requires the strengthening of our unions with the building of a new leadership.

WE CAN BECIN THIS BY DEFANDING ACTION AGAINST COMPULSORY ARI ITRATION AND BY UNANIMOUSLY REJECTING. THE SLAVE LABOR SETTLEMENT.

Bulletin #5, January 1967. Published by the CONTITEE FOR MILITANT ACTION in the interest of building strong, democratic and united railway unionism Write to 628 Church St., Apt. 2, Toronto, Ontario.

Toronto, June 12, 1967

copy

Dear Brother:

Enclosed are several resolutions which have been prepared for imigator to our convention this hall, by Toronto members of the local to you in uniting resolutions for your locals to submit to the convention.

I would like to hear from you between now and the convention. Maybe you could send me copies of resolutions your locals have

passed. or opinions on the ones enclosed.

reternally,

Von feckson,

Local 327 C.B.R.T.

Sin 1 - " Vier atlachod

Toronto, June 13/67

### Dear comrade:

Enclosed are a number of resolutions we have prepared for the Fall C.B.R.T. Convention along with a covering letter sent to contacts. More are to follow. We want these to provide a programmatic base for the beginnings of a left wing at the convention. Additional resolutions are to cover the NDP, some transitional demands (open the books, 30 for 40, etc.) and perhaps Hugo Blanco.

Please correspond, sending resolutions you are using, etc.

Take special note of the constitutional amendment as the deadline is near.

Comradely, D. Carl

### RESOLUTION TO C.B.R.T. NATIONAL CONVENTION 1967

Whereas:

the National Executive has recognized the grave danger to humanity posed by the continued escalation of the war in Vietnam by opposing the brutal American aggression in that country.

Whereas:

it is our responsibility as Canadian unionists to call for and end to our government's diplometic and material aid to the American war effort.

Therefore:

be it resolved that we support the efforts of American workers and soldiers to come home by calling for an immediate withdrawal of U.S. forces, and two call upon the Canadian government to bring to an end its complicity in this criminal war against Viotnamese women and children.

RESOLUTION TO C.B.R.T. NATIONAL CO VENTION 1967

Last year our union was subjected to restrictive back-to-work legislation, and over the last year we have been constantly exposed to the threat of compulsory arbitration. After months of firm opposition to this pressure, the National Executive made a full turn, recommending an unsatisfactory settlement.

Whereas:

Collapse before compulsory arbitration only allows the government to hide its real anti-labour nature.

Therefore:

be it resolved that this convention reaffirm the C.B.R.T. position of unconditional opposition to all forms of compulsory arbitration and restrictive legislation, and take a firm stand not to weaken under the threat of government intervention.

C. Spry

RESOLUTION TO C.B.R.T. N.TIOVAL OF VENTION 1967

It is important that the rank and file have the final voice in determining their wages and conditions of labour.

Whereas:

we must ensure that the largest number of members possible have this opportunity.

hereas:

the mailed ballot proved unsatisfactory in reaching the total membership.

Therefore:

be it resolved that the constitution be amended to add in the appropriate place that: all agreem ats, temporary or permanent, whether legislated or not, be ratified by the membership; and that this ratification vote be administered by the locals.

RESOLUTION CALLING FOR THE 30 HOUR WORK WELK: PASSED BY THE TORONTO BISTRICT LABOUR COUNCIL, NOVEMBER 16, 1967.

WHERMAS recent announcements of job reductions and layoffs on Canada's railways indicates an increase in the tempo of job reductions due to technological change, which over the past decade has resulted in the elimination of thousands of jobs at the expense of Canadian Railwaymen.

WHEREAS pension schemes and training plans cannot eliminate the hardship and dislocation in the lives of these workers by the layoffs,

WHEREAS reduction of the work week is in itself desireable is a solution which allows adaptation to technological change while putting the needs of the working people first, since it allows workers who have given their lives to their jobs or who have families to raise to keep then,

THEREFORE HE IT RESOLVED: that the Toronto and District Labour Council call on the Ontario Foderation of Labour, and the Canadian Labour Congress +- ask the Government to immediately take steps to implement the thirty hour work week, with no reduction in pay in the railways and industries under its jurisdiction,

AND HE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution be forwarded to the coming convention of the Canadian Labour Congress, and the Ontario Federation of Labour.

### -444-

Submitted by the Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks, Freight Handlers, Express and Station Enployees, Lodge 2303.

# Stop the Lay-offs!

450 Men in the Atlantic region; 460 Men in the St. Lawrence area; 500 in Manitoba-Saskatchewan area; 640 in Ontario; 640 in B.C.;

Over 2600 men were laid off by the C.N.R. in early November, in addition to 1300 by the C.P.R. CVER 4,000 MEN AND MORE TO COME IF WE DON'T STOP THEM!

Why should railway workers and their families suffer when big business investors are soaking up the profits!

The national leaderships of the railway unions must set up committees of all the locals in the major rail centres across the country to initiate the most effective plan to stop the layoffs.

WE DEMAND THE GOVERNMENT LIEDIATELY HALT THE LAY-OFFSI

SPREAD THE WORK OUT!

WE DOMAND THE 30 HOUR WORK WEEK WITH 40 HOURS PAY!

--Nationalize the C.P.R.!
--Cancel the C.N. Railway bonds which have siphoned off
C.N.'s profits to bond holders who have milked the
public treasury for 51 years!

To enforce these derands we must be prepared to work to rule of use even more effective means.

Distributed across Canas by THE CO. MILITARY ACTION.

For information or or write:



buttons (25¢ each) please call 929-5893, 72 Isaballa St., Apt. 24, Toronto 5.

(Continued on reverse side)

Chez ton syndicat, faire adopter une

### RESOLUTION POUR UNE SEMAINE DE TRAVAIL DE 30 HEURES

La résolution suivante a été adoptée lors d'une réunion régulière du local 230 de la Fraternité des commis des chemins de fer, dimanche le 12 novembre, 1967. Elle a également été adoptée (à l'exception du paragraphe #4) par le Conseil du Travail du District et de la Ville de Toronto à sa réunion du 16 novembre.

ATTENDU que les réductions récentes d'emplois et des congédiements aux chemins de fer canadiens indiquent qu'il y a une augmentation du taux des réductions d'emplois à cause des innovations technologiques, qui ont abouti depuis une décennie à une élimination de milliers d'emplois aux dépens des cheminots canadiens; et

ATTINDU que la réduction de la semaine de travail, désirable en soi, est une solution qui permet une adaptation aux changements technologiques, tout en mettant en avant les besoins des travailleurs parce qu'elle permet aux travailleurs ——qui ont passé toute leur vie à travailler et qui ont des familles à protéger—— de garder leurs emplois; et

ATTENDU que des régimes de retrait et des projets d'instruction ne peuvent pas éliminer les privations et les bouleversements dans la vie de ces travailleurs à cause de ces congédiements;

SOIT RESOLU que nous, membres de la Fraternité canadienne des Cheminots, faisons appel au gouvernement de faire halte aux congédiements en attendant l'adoption d'un programme qui va satisfaire aux besoins des cheminots et leurs familles; et

QU'IL SOIT PESOLU que la Fraternité canadienne des Cheminots demande à la Fédération des Travailleurs du Québec et au Congrès du Travail du Canada de demander au gouvernement de mettre en pratique la semaine de travail de 30 heures sans diminution de salaires chez les chemins de fer et les autres sociétés sous leur compétence.

QU'IL SOIT DE PLUS RESOLU que cette résolution soit envoyée au congrès du CTC.

Nous encourageons les confrères dans les syndicats des chemins de fer à faire approuver de telles résolutions à leurs locals et aux Conseils du Travail! Envoyez au Comité d'Action Militante une copie de votre résolution pour qu'on vous aide à la faire connaître à travers le pays!

NON aux congés forcées des cheminots

PLUS DE 4,000 de nos confreres ont été congédiés -- qualques-un avec une anciennété allant jusqu'à l'an 1952. Les chemins de fer songent à en couper plusieurs autres parmi nous.

IL No FAUT PAS accepter tranquillement ni la perte de nos emplois ni la priva-

tion de nos familles des nécessités de la vie.

LE NOMBRE de chômeurs est maintenant plus élevé depuis plusieurs années. Il devient plus difficile de trouver un emploi, etça c'est même plus difficile pour ceux

parmi nous qui approchent 40 ans.

POURQUOI DEMANDERAET de nous, travailleurs des chemins de fer, de payer les pots cassés? Pourquoi serions-nous p ivés de nos emplois pour que les actionnaires des chemins de fer et leurs essociés des grandes affaires puissent continuer de moissonner leurs grands profits, et môme de les agrandir?

DES QU'ON A GAGNU la semaine de travail de 40 heures, on a augmenté notre productivité d'une moyenne de plus de 70%. Auje ed thui en accomplie dans une période de moins de cinq heures de travail ce qu'on accomplissait dans une période de 8 heures autrefois. Pourquoi ne pourrions-nous pas recevoir les bénéfices de notre productivité augmentée au lieu d'uno augmentation du chômage?

PAS DE CONGES FORGES! La solution au problème est de couper les heures de travail -- de 40 heures par somaino à 30 heures -- avec la même paie à emporter chez soi.

NOUS FAISONS APPEL au leadership des fraternités des chemins de fer, à ceux que nous payons de nous rendre service. C'est nous qui batissons et qui soutenons les syndicats avec nos combats et nos cotisations. Que la direction syndicale agisse immédiatement contre les congés forcées.

FAITES APPEL pour des réunions de masse de tous les travailleurs des chemins de

fer dans tous les centres des chemins de fer!

IL FAUT que l'en discute à ces assemblées ce qui est nécessaire, comment faire

face aux congés forcées qui sont déjà faits, et à ceux qui nous menacent à l'horizon. La question la plus importante à l'ordre du jour de ces assemblées doit être la revendication "30 POUR 40", et toute la série de décisions qui découle de celle-la. Il faut discuter comment mobiliser nos rangs pour gagner celle-ci.

ON FLNSAIT dans le passé qu'il était presqu'impossible d'obtenir une journée de travail de 8 heures ou une semaine de travail de 40 heures; mais, nous autres, nous avons

mobilisé nos rangs, nous avons lutté, et nous avons gagné.

NOUS POURRIONS gagner la semaine de travail de 30 heures, et nous avons besoin

de la gagner maintenant!

Chaque victoire d'une semaine de travail plus courte n'est pas seulement une victoire pour le travailleur congédié mais elle diminue aussi bien le chômage, augmente les opportunités d'emploi, et renforce le pouvoir de négociation de nos syndicats.

> Distribué à travers le Canada par le Comité d'action militante 877 Dollard, Montréal 8, Qué, 277-1285

"30 POUR 40"

Réclamez la semaine de travail plus courte IMMEDIATEMENT

TOVORTO CIGAT

(Found in 1967)

PASCEF by December 11th regular meeting, Local 2302 Brotherhood of Railway and Steamship Clerks for submission to the regular meeting of the Labour Council.

Whereas T.C. Douglas has continually stated that rising food costs are caused in the main by the profiteering of the big food producers and retailers.

Whereas the recent disclosures by the George Weston Company before the Commons-Senate Committee indicate that this giant trust controls over thirty percent of the Canadian food and drug industry and is therefore directly implicated in the current price rise,

Whereas the working people and housewives now protesting the rising costs have a right to know the facts about why their weekly food bill keeps going up,

Whereas the government has the clear responsibility to evercome any obstacle to give a clear candid picture on the source of the rising food costs.

Therefore be it resolved that:

- 1) The Toronto and District Labour Council call on the Pearson Government to take immediate action to compel the George Weston Company to open its books to the scrutiny of the public by revealing its investments, profits and salary structures so that the people themselves can judge the validity of the statements by T.C. Douglas.
- 2) The TDLC request the New Democratic Party to raise and popularize this demand in Parliament and in the Senate committee and report to the people any information which comes forth.

And be it further resolved that this resolution be forwarded to the Ontario Federation of Labour, the Canadian Labour Congress, the Provincial Council of the Ontario New Democratic Party and the Parliamentary Caucus of the NDP.

Not get come up at

resolved that Local 374 CBRT & ~W send the following resolution to the Quebec NDP Convention on May 12-14:

WHEREAS the cost of living is at an all-time high and is rising at a rapid
rate in Cana a and especially probes, and

Whereas the burden of taxes on the working population is being increased with
higher sales taxes which further increase the cost of fodstuffs and clothing,
and

WHEREAS the risks in the cost of living is directly related to mounting

The profits by such food empires as George Weston and

WHEREAS the working population has no recourse but to fight back, through the unions and with strike action, to defend its rapidly eroding standard of living, and

WHEREAS the federal and provincial covernments are more and more intervening in industrial disputes on the side of the basses with injunctions and rulings for compulsory arbitration, and

WHEREAS the Johnson covernment's imposition of Bill 25 to order the quebec is

Little to teachers back to work was a retro-rade denial of their richt to

strike madamandiminates with method manadaman and a threat to all or anised labour

of economic dass dictatorship, therefore hexits

BE IT RESOLVED that the N.D.P. fight for:

h)manandmanandmanantmanantmana 1) the outlawing of all court injunctions which in any way restricts labor's right to strike effectively, or to manana recruit unorganized workers to its ranks, and

2) the right to open the books of the big food corporations/to determine the level of profits, and the rate of profit increases which they are enjoying.

RESOLVED that Local 334 CBRT & CW submit the following resolution to the Convention of the quebec New Democratic Party to be held May 12 to 14th:

"WHEREAS the escalation of the war in Vietnam continues at an alarming rate and United States bombing of North Vietnam is being stepped up in spite of the apprehension and disapproval of world opinion; and

"WHEREAS it is the United States and the United States alone which is systematically employing natalm, gasses and "anti-personnel" bombs like the "Lazy Log" bomb which does not destroy military targets or buildings, but is meant to shower metal slivers in heavily populated areas, and

".HEREAD these methods clearly indicate that it is a war to destroy the resistance of the Vietnamese people, who for 30 years have fought against foreign domination and various puppet governments, and

"HEREAS the Canadian government, while talking about the desirability of negotiations, actually supports U.S. military action in Vietnam and defends shipment of Canadian supplies and arms to the U.S., and

"WHEREAS prominent Canadian labor ledders have spoken out against this war, like jailed Vancouver Labour Council leader Paddy Neale and CBRT & GW Director of Publications Ed Finn, who wrote in Transport about the "moral responsibility on all Canadians who disagree with their government's pro-American policy (on Vietnam) to voice their dissent, as loudly, as eloquently, and as frequently as they can", and

"WHEREAS the Canadian Labour Concress has protested "the indiscriminate bombing, and the mounting toll of innocent victims", and has defended "the right of self-determination for all the remaining colonial and dependent peoples", and

""HEREAS NDP National Leader T.C. Douglas has defended the right of the Jouth Vietnamese to decide freely whether or not they want to unite with North Vietnam, and to elect their own government, and said that the United States has "no more business in Vietnam than it had in Ireland, Quatemala or Luxembourg";

"THER FORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the quebec N.D.P. take a stand for:

- 1) The immediate unconditional withdrawal of United States troops from Vietnamese soil in order that the Vietnamese people can decide their own fate,
- 2) That the Canadian government publically disassociate itself from U.S. military action in Vietnam, and
- 3) An end to all sales of Canadian equipment and arms to the U.S. for use in the Vietnam war."

10 = 3920 St Hubert. 40 Gaston Spaithier: Provincial Organisator. 17 Ontario West, Nontréal 129, Québec. Monday 14 april. 1969

Trade Union Co-ordinator, LC1
Toronto

Dear Comrade,

I wonder if you have discussed the situation in the rail unions, now that the call afor a mass special convention has tone out, and it appears that the brase is join; to carry out fusion with the Brad without a referendum.

I have a frir possibility of being a delegate from our local, and in the effort to work out a line I thought of writing a simple leaflet for the nomination meeting of my local, on the 20th this month. The leaflet is probably not necessary, but we will discuss this on the execthis week, and kkm our line toward this matter.

I was thinking clong too lines of a heading "The need for a new leadership in the railway unions is the real issue in the CBMT-BRAS fusion debate."

--criticism of present leadership of CBRT

-- Ban-3... C fusion being carried out by a deal with which assures present hi salaries and privileges of the fat-cats and by-passes a discussion among the ranks, their opinions, a discussion of real issues of what fusion is going to mean to them

-- rank and file should have no objection to joining ranks with american rail workers (why international unions are generally an advance)

-- but could legitimately object to way fusion is being carried out.

--no union salaries higher than shop wages

-- recall, no automatic security

--no automatic politions --all positions should be elected, right "up" to Smith by convention.

-- For an open referendum --demagogic campai an againt CSN over BillC-186 -- "n ti ral" init to be discolved into international one, CSN, as well of Torasters should have right so seek certification, a choice for the workers and a chance to debate why one might be better than another.

--For a new militant policy --on economic plane, until apron strings to ware guidelines and subservience to gov't policy; real action on political action, support of NDP and opposition to Vietnam war voiced in Transport but a dead letter.

Our local exec. is well as lany others are carlying a line of opposition to fusion, but this is pure Bullshit as they have done nothing to mobilise the ranks behind them (I signested to our chairman he stage a referendum before the convention) and they are going to melt away before the first plum the Baith or international leadership offers. However, of course, their arguments against fusion must be countered and exposed, and if they succed in swaming a lot of delegates they question would be more openly posed if we should actually advocate fusion with BRAC.

Let me know what your thinking is on this soon.

Lemire (J.p.)

### RUBOLUTTUM FOUR LE COMPRES DE LA CERT & G. - 1970

- 1) Attendu que notre union a ane politique d'appui pour le Mouveau Parti Démocratique là où il est actif au Canada;
- Attendu qu'il n'y a pas un tel parti ouvrier indépendant avec l'appui des syndicats ici au québec;
- 3) Attendu que sans un tel parti indépendant, la masse de travailleurs n'apas de voix dans les décisions économiques et sociales vitaux prises au niveaux provinciale, municipal ou scolaire;
- 4) Attendu que le monde du travail est assommé par un chômage sérieux, du logement inadequat, des coûts exhorbitants des utilités, des taxes discininatoires, qui existent à coté d'une inflation gallopante qui reduit nos augmentations négociés aux rédictions réelles de salaires;
- 5) Soit resolu que la Fraternité fait topel à l'établissment d'un parti québécois ouvrier de masse, capable de faire entendre directement les besoins et les espoirs de la grande majorité, les travailleurs;
- 6) Soit de plus resola de la Fraternité recommande qu'une conférence d'artence soit terre des Chaités d'Eduction politiques les unions affiliés au FTQ, JSN et au CTC, avec la participation du NPD et tous les proupes socialistes, de fennerse et des consommateurs, etc., pour but de lancer un tel varti ouvrier le masse québécois.

### RES ITTOM FOR THE 1970 CBRT & GW C EVENTION

- 1) Thereas our mion has a policy of supporting the New Democratic Party wherever it is active in Canada;
- 2) Thereas there is no such independent labor party with the support of the unions here in Quebec;
- 3) Thereas without such an independent labor party, the mass of workers ye no voice in the vital economic and social decisions taken in provincial, municipal or social politics;
- 4) Whereas the working people are plagued by serious unemployment, inadequate housing, exorbitant costs of utilities and discriminatory taxes, which exist alongside a galloping inflation which reduces negotiated wage gains to actual wage cuts;
- 5) Be it resolved that the Brotherhood call for the establishment of a mass independent quebec labor party capable of directly voicing the needs and aspirations of the vast majority, the working people;
- 6) Be it furt er resolved that the Brotherhood advocate an immediate conference of Political Education Committees of unions affiliated to the LFL, CNTT or CIC, along with the participation of the NDP and alsocialist, youth and consumers' groups, etc., for the purpose of launching such a mass Quebec labor party.

POUR LES ELECTIONS DU LOCAL 334 LE 17 NOVEMBRE

# VOTONS DARLING COLME PRESIDENT DU COMITE D'EDUCATION POLITIQUE

# ∍bâtissons le NPD-pour un gouvernement des ouvriers et cultivateurs à Ottawa et à Québec!

Après l'annulation des travaux d'hiver, l'affaire Roussillon, et l'augmentation d'impôt de 2% qui nous frappe, nous, les "gagne-petits", qui peut douter que la "trudeaumanie" libérale n'est qu'un visage nouveau de la même vieille politique qui nous a forcé à retourner au travail en 1966? Tout comme les Conservateurs, et leurs jumeaux au Québec, les Libéraux de Lesage et l'Union nationale, trus ces vieux partis ne sont en réalité que les partis du "big business", manipulés à distance derrière les grands bureaux aux portes capitonnées de Bay Street et de St-James Street. Les personnalités attrayantes telles que M. Lévesque ne répondent pas non plus à nos besoins. Sa coterie de gentilshommes du Parti Québécois se dit quelquefois un peu plus consciente des problèmes du peuple canadien-français mais elle a fait défaut même dans la première bataille pour l'unilinguisme à St-Léonard.

Avec l'action commune de la FTV et de la CLN, on serait en mesure de bâtir un puissant parti ouvrier de masse ici au Québec, et de récupérer les pertes qu'à subit le NPD dans les

dernières élections fédérales.

Le confrère Darling est un membre actif du NPD. Il faisait pression au sein du NPD afin que ce dernier se présente sur la scène électorale québéccise, et pour que de plus le NPD pose sa candidature aux élections partielles prévues pour le 4 déc. Mais, un candidatétudiant de la Lique des Jeuner Socialistes contesteurs ". Cardinal dans Bagot, et par le fait même contestera la politique salariale du gouvernement unioniste qui tente encore d'écraser nos confrères de la RAQ.

# opour l'auto-détermination au peuple vietnamien!

Le confrère Darling favorisement l'endossement et la participation active de notre local aux manifestations contre la guerce du Vietnam, auxquelles il a participé. Les pourparlers de paix et l'arrêt des hombardements re signifient nullement la fin de cette campagne militaire américaine. L'intervention meurtrière d'un colosse militaire dans une guerre civile d'un petit pava sul-asiatique a éveillé l'indignation du monde. Le mensonge du rôle de "protecteur de la démocratie" de la Maison Blanche est exposé par la nature fantoche du régime Thieu-Ky qui existe grâce aux L-U, et par l'emploi du napalm et de bombes "anti-personnel" qui mutilent et tuent sans distinction.

RAPPELEZ LES GI DU VISTNAM : FIN A LA CAMPLICITE CANADIENNE DANS CETTE SALE GUERRE : (avèc ces \$300 millions en contrats d'armes.)

# OPOUR UTF deuxième université francophone

# ET POUR LA Gratuité Scolaire afin que touc les jeunes puissent y assister:

Depris trop longtemps l'éducation universitaire n'est pas un droit pour ceux qui la maritent mais un privilère pour ceux qui peuvent payer la note. Le système était pire encore pour les élèves francophones qui devaient payer devantage pour les "collèges classiques" afin de pouvoir plus tord entrer à l'université. Tardis qu'avec les nouveaux CEGEP, les écoles francophones sont mal éculpées et le niveau d'enseignement est inférieur. On a vu l'occipation de l'école Aimé Renaud s'étendre par une occupation générale des CEGEP, et pour une raison bien sérieuse, parce qu'il s'agit de l'avenir du Québec. Pourquoi par exemple les nouveaux cours techniques (" rofessionnels') sont els mal-préparés? Pourquoi une bonne partie des étudiants n'airont ils pes de place dans une université? Plus sérieux encore, c'est le problème du manque de débouchés, d'un système sociale qui crée les chômeurs diplômés.

Comme l'a déjà fait le NPD-Québec, et le syndicat des électriciens de Montréal, le confrère Darling parlera en favour d'un solidanté du local avec la cause des étudiants.

# • que la Compagnie accepte nos propositions

POUR UNE NOUVELLE CONVENTION COLLECTIVE :

@ QUE LE SYNDICAT PREMNE AU SERIEUX SES REVENDICATIONS :

Tous les comités régionaux de notre syndicat se sont réunis pour considérer nos besoins, actuels et futurs. Nos membres à travers le pays ont proposé plusieurs demandes, et maintenant l'écuipe de négociations est en train de préciser ses revendications pour la prochaine convention collective. Les propositions étaient pour une hausse de salaire de 90¢ à \$1.50, pour une semaine de travail plus courte, et une journée de maladie payée par mois...

Mais, le coût de le vie monte toujours et on a besoin de cette augmentation maintenant. La convention collective actuelle expire le 31 décembre. On en a besoin pour balancer nos

budgets de famille, un petit quelquechose pour combler le fossé.

Est-qu'on peut gagner ces demandes? Est-ce qu'elles sont réalistes? A cet égard, une hausse de salaire de \$1 de l'houre, par exemple, nous donnera \$146 par semaine. Après les déductions de l'ordre de \$30, il nous reviendra \$116 pour emporter chez nous. Alors, on sait bien qu'on a besoin de ce seleire même maintenant pour acheter une nouvelle fournaise, une meilleure voiture, ou simplement avoir quelques dollars après toutes nos dépenses pour nos loisirs.

Nous sommes un secteur puissant de la population, organisé dens une union pour se battre, et on a des metiers spécialisés dans une industrie clé de l'économie québéccise. Pourquoi ne pourrions-nous pas gagner cette \$1 pour avoir un salaire convenable? De plus, on devrait demander des augmentations automatiques selon la hausse du coût de la vie basées sur des indices gouvernementaux. Avec une clause comme celle-ci dans notre contrat, nos gains gagnés ne disparaîtraient pas pendent la durée de la prochaine convention.

L'année passée, le CN a feit un profit d'opération, avant le coût d'intérêt sur sa dette. Depuis 1957, le revenu a augmenté de \$200 millions, pendant que la Compagnie mettait à pied 31,000 de ses employés. Les congédiements des chemins de fer sont parmi les plus

effrayents exemples de l'effet de l'automation -- et ça continuera.

Alors, 30 pour 40 ! 30 heures de travail pour une paye de 40 heures, pour que les binéfices de l'automation soient répandus parmi ceux qui ont investi leur vie dans cette industrie.

Que tout accord soit ratifié par un vote de tous les membres dans une grand assemblée.

Pas d'accords avec le gouvernement ou de referendums par la poste.

LE FRANCAIS COMME LANGUE DE TRAVAIL. Au Québec, une politique de "bilinguisme" est trop maladroite, trop coûteuse. En pratique, celà résulte par la domination de la langue englaise evec un usage symbolique du français. On doit travailler dans la langue de la majorité.

PARLONS FRANCAIS AUX REUNIONS DU LOCAL 334. Notre local groupe une majorité écrasante de Canadiers-français. On doit prendre cette simple mesure démocratique qui s'exerce depuis longtemps dans le reste du mouvement syndical au Québec.

Pour la ré-affiliation au Conseil de Travail de Montréal, le seul moyen qu'on a de discuter nos problèmes quotidiens avec nos confrères syndiqués dans la région de Montréal.

For the local elections on Nov. 17th:

### VOTE FOR DARLING

FOR POLITICAL EDUCATION CHAIRMAN

\*\*BUILD THE NEW DEMOCRATIC PARTY! FOR A WORKERS AND FARMERS GOVERNMENT IN OTTAWA AND QUEBEC!

Self-determination for the People of Vietnam! Withdraw the GI's. End Canadian complicity!

● FOR A SECOND FRENCH-LANGUAGE UNIVERSITY. FOR FREE EDUCATION AT ALL LEVELS SO THAT EVERYONE'S CHILDREN CAN GET THE EDUCATION THEY NEED:

THE COMPANY SHOULD ACCEPT OUR REASONABLE CONTRACT DEMANDS ! Let the union take its demands seriously.

For Automatic Wage Increases according to the rising cost-of-living, based on government indices. This clause in our contract would prevent the loss of wage gains.

30 FOR 40! For a 30-hour work week with no reduction in pay to spread the benefits of FRENCH AS THE LANGUAGE OF WORK IN QUEBEC! FRENCH AT UNION MERTINGS. automation. For re-affiliation to the Montreal Labor Council, where unionists meet & discuss.

# Déclaration du confrère Darling

CANDIDAT INDEPENDANT pour Prés. du Comité d'Education politique.

Depuis quelques jours, une "liste" circule me recommandant pour le Comité d'Education politique. Les autres noms sur cette liste sont G. Thivierge pour Président des Griefs, A. Gagnon pour Président du local, etc.

LA VERITE C'EST QUE JE ME PRESENTE CETTE FOLS-CI COMME CANDIDAT INDEPENDENT DES DEUX "LISTES". Mon programme est clair à tous ceux qui ont lu mon tract électoral. Mais, quels sont leurs programmes à eux, les confrères des deux autres listes? A l'exception d'un numéro spécial électoral du OMEGA, les gars n'ont pas de moyen de choisir avec intelligence entre les deux équipes--- leurs opinions sur les questions brûlantes du local sont toujours inconnues.

De telles questions auraient dû être la base d'une "liste"; autrement, les élections ne sont qu'une concours de popularité.

### DECLARATION BY BROTHER DARLING, INDEPENDENT CANDIDATE FOR CHAIRMAN POLITICAL EDUCATION

During the last few days, a "slate" has been circulated including myself as the nominee for Chairman, Political Education Committee. The other names on this list are those of Bro. Thivierge for Local Chairman, Bro. Gagnon for Local President, etc.

THE TRUTH IS THAT I AM RUNNING INDEPENDENT OF THE TWO SLATES IN THIS ELECTION. My program is clear to everyone who has read my élection leaflet. But, where do the brothers on the two slates stand? Apart from a special "election" issue of OMEGA, the men have almost no way of intelligently choosing between the 2 teams — their views on the burning issues in the local remain unknown. Such issues should have been the basis of the slate, otherwise the elections are nothing more than a popularity contest.

### Pour Président du Comité d'Education Politique

Un politique d'action: VOTEZ J. DARLING

- 1) POUR UN PARTI OUVRIER QUEBECOIS Appui au NDP au Fédéral
- 2) FRANCAIS LA LANGUE DE TRAVAIL AU QUEBEC Contre le Bill 63
  Pour l'unilinguisme
  français
- 3) PARTICIPEZ A LA MANIFESTATION MONDIALE CONTRE LA GUERRE AU VIETNAM LE 15 NOV.
- 4) DEMOCRATIE SYNDICALE La seule syndicat capable à se battre c'est un syndicat profondement démocratique

(Publié par Le Comité d'Action Militante, 527-4840)

### For Chairman, Political Education Committee

### VOTE J. DARLING

A Program for Action:

- 1) FOR A QUEBEC LABOR PARTY Support for the NDP federally
- 2) FRENCH THE LANGUAGE OF WORK IN QUEBEC Against Bill 63
  For French unilingual policy
- 3) PARTICIPATE IN THE WORLD DEMONSTRATIONS AGAINST THE WAR IN VIETNAM ON NOV. 15
- 4) UNION DEMOCRACY The only union capable of fighting is a profoundly democratic union.

(Published by the Committee for Militant Action, 527-4840)

COPIE

Montréal, 8 avril 1971.

M. Georges Thivierge, Président du comité des griefs.

Monsieur,

Nous membres du local 334, demandons une assemblée spéciale se lon la constitution: "Article 20, Section A-5" accordant le droit de pétition.

Nous est mons qu'une réunion spéciale pour discuter et voter la proposition du contrat est indispensable pour que les membres soient bien informés. Cette forme de réunion, où des votes de ratification ont lieu, est acceptée par les travailleurs unis de l'auto, de l'acier, des autobus, etc. etc...

Présentement quelques 250 membres ont déjà apposé leur signature à la pétition et d'ici quelques jours 25% du local auront sens doute signé.

En raison de ce nombre important de signatures, qui comprend la majorité des chauffeurs, nous croyons de votre devoir de tenir une assemblée spéciale. Les membres suggèrent que cette assemblée soit tenue au début de la semaine, de préfér ce un lundi ou un mardi.

Nous voulons égal mont protester contre certains officiers du local 334 qui, au lieu de nous soutenir, ont préféré nous traduire au bureau de M. Major en prétextant que nous étions sur le terrain de la compagnie. Nous réaffirmons que cette pétition est en tout point légale et ne nuit en rien à la constitution de la Fraternité canadierne des Cheminots, employés des Transports et autres ouvriers.

Bien à vous,

Le Comité d'Information

COPY

Mr. George Thivierge, Chairman, Grievance Cormittee Montreal, 8 April 1971

Brother,

We, members of local 334, request a special meeting according to the constitution: "Article 20, Section A-5" dealing with the right of petition.

In our opinion a special meeting to discuss and vote on the proposed contract is indispensable in order that the members be well informed. This form of meeting, where ratification votes are held, has been the accepted method in the case of the Autoworkers, Steelworkers, bus drivers, etc., etc...

At present some 250 members have already signed the petition and in a few days 25% of the local will undoubtedly have signed.

In view of the important number of signatures, which includes the majority of drivers, we believe it is your duty to hold a special meeting. The members suggest that the meeting be held early in the week, preferably Monday or Tuesday.

We wish also to protest against certain officers of local 334 who, instead of supporting us, brought as into the office of Mr. Major under the pretext that we were on company property. We reaffirm that this petition is completely legal and in no way violates the constitution of the Canadian Brotherhood of Rail, Transport and General Workers.

Yours truly, The Information Committee

# PETITION

DEMANDE POUR UNE REUNION SPECIALE DU LOCAL 334

POUR DISCUTER ET VOTER LE NOUVEAU CONTRAT SOUMIS PAR LA COMPAGNIE ET ACCEPTE PAR NOTRE UNION

Selon la Constitution de la Fraternité canadienne des Cheminots, employés des Transports et autres Ouvriers, ARTICLE 20. SECTION A-5.

Nous, les sousignés, membres du Local 334, demandens en remplacement du vote postal, une Assemblée Spéciale efin de discuter et de voter la proposition du contrat présenté par l'union.

REQUEST FOR A SPECIAL MEETING OF LOCAL 334

TO DISCUSS AND VOTE ON THE NEW CONTRACT SUBMITTED BY THE COMPANY AND ACCEPTED BY OUR UNION

As per the Constitution of Canadian Brotherhood of Railway, Transport and General Workers, ARTICLE 20, SECTION A-5,

We, the undersigned, members of Local 334, request instead of a postal vote, a special meeting for the purpose of discussing and voting on the contract proposition presented by the union.

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Publié par: Le Comité de Information

Published by: The Information Committee

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# Ce dimanche «18 avril » 1:30 pm ASSEMBLÉE REGULIÈRE

DU LOCAL 334 AURA LIEU.

### A L'ORDRE LU JOUR

LIS NOUVELLES PROPOSITIONS DU CONTRAT SERONT DISCUTEES.

S.V.P. faites un effort suprême pour y assister. Ceci est d'une importance vital pour notre avenir.

La membre qui roste à l'écart nuit à l'intérêt de son local et à la Fraternité. Plus de membres nous serons, plus notre opinion sera exprinée.

.INFRUMIS, MOUS VOUS VERRONS A L'ASSEMBLEE!

# This Sunday & 18 April & 1:30 PM REGULAR MEETING OF LOCAL 334 WILL BE HELD

ON THE AGENDA ... NEW JONTRACT PROPOSITION WHICH WILL BE DISCUSSED:

Please make a supreme effort to attend. This meeting affects our livlihood.

A member who stays away hurts the interests of the local and the Brotherhood. The more members who show up, the better our true feelings will be expressed.

SEE YOU AT THE MEETING, BROTHER!

# MOTEL LAURENTIEN

MEZZANINE ETAGE

MEZZANINE FLOOR

boul Dorchester

parc

- Nous demandons que la local 334 rejete officiellement la proposition du nouveau contrat, et que les négociations continuent.
- 2. Nous demandons que le local conseille à ses membres de voter contre le proposition du nouveau contrat.
- 3. Nous demandons que le local 334 publie un communiqué de presse informant les autres locals de notre décision.
- 4. Nous demendons que le local 334 tienne une journée d'étude durant le semaine de travail pour avoir une réunion spéciale, où le vote de ratification officielle aura lieu.
- 5. Nous demandons aussi que le local 334 fasse requête pour que des officiers responsebles soient présents pour répondre aux questions sur les nouvelles propositions du contret.
- #6. Nous demandons que le local 334 distribue les bulletins de vote à cette assemblée spéciele.
- 7. Nous demandons que le local 334 élime un comité d'élection de 15 membres non-officiers pour compter les votes evant de les faire parvenir à Ottawa.

### Comité d'Information.

- 1. We request that Local 334 officially reject the new proposed contract, and that negociations be continued.
- 2. We request that the local urge its members to vote against the new proposed contract.
- 3. We request that local 334 issue a press release informing all other locals of our decision.
- R. A. A. C. LIN THROUGH OF MATERIAL SECTION STATES IN A STATE OF SPORT SECTION ASSESSMENT OF THE SECTION ASSESSMENT OF THE
- 4. "e request that Local 334 hold a "study session" during the working week
- in order to hold a special meeting where the ratification vote can be held.
- 5. We request also that Local 334 ask that responsable union officers be present to answer questions on the new proposed contract.
- 6. We request that Local 334 distribute the ballots at this special meeting.
- 7. We request that local 334 elect an Election Committee of 15 non-officers to make a count of the vote before it is submitted to Ottawa.

(Revendications originalles de l'union, selon Transport canadien, le 1 nov. 1970, page 6)

1. SALAIRES: 1 jan. 1971 8% plus 156 - \$3.42 1 heure 8% seulement - \$3.27 1 heure

l jan. 1972 7% plus 15¢ -- \$3.81 l'houre 7% seulement -- \$3.50 l'houre

(Exemple:

taux de base des dauffeurs - \$3.03fhr.)

(N.B.: En janvier, les employés d'atelier ont rejeté la m'eme proposition -- hausse de 15% sur deux ans, amélioration de l'assurance-vie, des vacances, augmentation de l'indemnité hebdomadaire, propose aujourd'hui)

2. SIRTEMPS

On demande "taux doublé"

REFUSÉ (?)

3. PENSIONS (a) "Représentation égale" des syndicats à l'administration de la Caisse et de la Régime

(b) Rejustements des pensions selon l'augmentation du "coût de la vie courante", "retroactif en ce qui concerne les déjà retraités."

( N.B.: En 1968, le CN devait \$675 millions à sa caisse de retrait, dont \$371 millions a été simplement rayés de ses livres.

Notre union demande aussi un bénéfice de 2% par an au lieu de 1-1/2%)

?? Reste sous
l'administration
dictatorielle
de la Compagnie

RIEN D'ANNONCÉ
"..un plan de mise
à la retrait
prématurée"
Le Presse, l avril

4. CONCES DE MA LADIE:

l et 1/2 jours par mois. "Tous crédits non-utilisés seront payés "quand l'employée prendré sa retraite ou quitte la Cie."

RIEN DE RIEN

5 . SANTE ET BIEN-ETRE:

(a) Compagnie payera \$20 par mois par employée pour Régime d'assurance-santé et l'hospitalisation

3\$ 10,00

(b) Compagnie payera \$8 par mois par employée pour Régime medicale supplémentaire

22

(c) Régime d'indemnités hebdomadaires payera de 80% de la salaire de l'employée (\$97 par semaine) AMÉLIORATION A \$82 per semaine(?)

(N.B.: Notons que l'indemnisation commence seulement le <u>4ième jour</u> en cas de maladie, ou seulement le premier jour de visit du médicine. Il faut attendre 4 jours sans paye en cas d'entorse ou luxation. Evidemment, ça n'applique pas aux maladies communes comme des rhumes, des grippes etc.)

(d) L'assurance-vie de \$10,000 (\$3,00 après la retrait))

LEGÈRE AMÉLICRATION(?)

6. SECURITE D'EMPLOI:

Employées avec 3 ans de service "seront assurés d'un emploi à plein temps sans perte de salaire. S'il est nécessaire de donner une formation à l'employée pour lui assurer un emploi à plein temps,

7. VACANCES

### CE QU'ON A DEMANDE, ET...

(a) 3 semaines après 5 ans de service

4 semaines aprées 10 ans 5 semaines après 20 ans

alors le Chemin de fer lui assurera cette formation. L'employé ne subira aucune perte de salaires durant cette période de formation et tous ses frais de voyage et autres frais pertinents seront entièrement payés."

### CE QU'ON NOUS PROPOSE

"/ pamelborétions/a/la/ program de securite de l'emploin Star April1

" . .do meilleurs indemnisations en cas de mise a pied ... " La Presese,

1 avril

"3 semaines après 8 ans de service" (La Presse, l avril)

> 27? 7??

> > REFUSE (?) Faut oublier les vacances d'été

REFUSE

plus tôt ou plus tard. (c) Compagnie doit donner une avis de 15 jours s'il veut

ceux qui les veulent. Une semaine de vacances pavée de plus si la Cie, demande une employée de les prendre

l jour de vacances aditionnel par an après 20 ans

(b) Vacances entre ler mai et 30 septembre pour tous

8. FETES LEGALES:

Québec: premier lundi d'acût Plus l'anniversaire de chaque employée

remettre des vacances, et doit payer taux doublé à l'employée

9. TRAVAIL A FORFAIT:

Tout travail visé par notre Contrat ne sera affermé ou ne sera executé ans par des employés qui me sont couverts par le Contrat.

10. LICNES DE PIQUETS:

Droit de ne pas franchir des lignes de piquets légales.

11. DEPENSES ENCOURUES A L'EXTERIEUR

(a) Paieme nt des dépenses des employés qui travail

à l'exterisur de leur domicile

(b) 15¢ le mille pour l'usage de l'automobile de l'employée pour ce travail

(c) Surtemps pour temps de voyager en dehors des heures de travail regulières.

12. CONGES DE COMMISERATION:

5 jours de congé payés, après 6 mois de service. après dèces d'un parente

13. BILINGUISME:

Une prime de 10% pour tout travail qui exige la connaissance des deux langues officielles (Cest-a-dire, tous les employées au Québec)

REN

BAS D'AMELICRATION

AUTRE:

Boni de 25¢ l'heure des chauffeurs. (Entente signé jusqu'au nouveau contrat --??) RIEN D'ANNONCE

"Un cones statutaire de plus, des 1972" La Presse, 1 avril

REFUSÉ. Camions loués roulent encore.

REFUEE. Faut scabber.

RIEN D'ANNONCE

